# Amendments of the Claims

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the above-identified patent application:

# Listing of Claims

1. (currently amended) A method for analyzing price data, that represents representing price in a financial system that varies over time, said method comprising:

beginning at a first initial moment, acquiring said price data during an initial first duration and determining an initial first range of said <a href="mailto:price">price</a> data between a minimum value during said initial first duration and a maximum value during said initial first duration;

comparing said first range of said price data 10 during said initial first duration to a range of said price data expected, based on Brownian motion, during said initial first duration;

when said first range of said price data during said initial first duration equals said range of said price

15 data expected, based on Brownian motion, during said initial first duration, concluding that said system is varying erratically;

when said first range of said price data during said initial first duration exceeds said range of said price

20 data expected, based on Brownian motion, during said initial first duration, concluding that said system is varying in a trend; and

when said first range of said price data during said initial first duration is less than said range of said
25 price data expected, based on Brownian motion, during said initial first duration, concluding that said system is congesting.

- 2. (previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein said comparing comprises comparing said initial first range of said price data to a generated Brownian motion standard.
- 3. (previously presented) The method of claim 2 further comprising, after said acquiring and before said comparing, applying bootstrapping techniques to said price data.
- 4. (currently amended) The method of claim 1 further comprising:

beginning at said first initial moment, acquiring said <u>price</u> data during an initial second duration of which said initial first duration is a multiple and determining an initial second range of said price data between a minimum value during said initial second duration and a maximum value during said initial second duration; wherein said comparing comprises:

initial first range to said initial second range and comparing
[[an]] said actual relationship of said initial first range to said initial second range to an expected relationship of said initial first range to said initial first range to said initial second range, and

determining from said comparison how said system is varying.

5. (currently amended) The method of claim 4 wherein:

said comparing and determining comprises:

computing an actual relationship comprises forming a ratio of
said initial first range to said initial second range;
and[[:]]

said comparing and determining comprise:
 when said ratio equals a square root of said
multiple concluding that said system is varying erratically;

when said ratio exceeds [[said]] <u>a</u> square root <u>of said multiple</u>, concluding that said system is varying in a trend[[;]], and

when said ratio is less than said square root, concluding that said system is congesting.

6. (currently amended) The method of claim 4 further comprising:

beginning at a subsequent initial moment, acquiring said price data during a subsequent first duration

5 and determining a subsequent first range of said price data between a minimum value during said subsequent first duration and a maximum value during said subsequent first duration;

beginning at said subsequent initial moment, acquiring said price data during a subsequent second duration of which said subsequent first duration is said multiple and determining a subsequent second range of said price data between a minimum value during said subsequent second duration and a maximum value during said subsequent second duration; [[and]]

comparing computing an actual relationship of said subsequent first range to said subsequent second range; and

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comparing said actual relationship of said
subsequent first range to said subsequent second range to an
expected relationship of said subsequent first range to said
subsequent second range, and determining from said comparison
of said actual relationship of said subsequent first range to
said subsequent second range to said expected relationship of
said subsequent first range to said subsequent second range
how said system is varying.

7. (currently amended) The method of claim 6 further comprising repeating, at respective multiple additional subsequent initial moments:

[[said]] acquiring said price data during each
5 respective subsequent first duration;

acquiring said price data during each respective subsequent second duration;

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computing a respective actual relationship of
each respective subsequent first range to each respective
subsequent second range; [[,]]

said determining and said comparing at multiple additional subsequent initial moments each respective actual relationship of each respective subsequent first range to each respective subsequent second range to [[an]] a respective expected relationship of [[said]] each respective subsequent first range to [[said]] each respective subsequent second range; and

determining from [[said]] <u>each respective</u> comparison how said system is varying.

8. (currently amended) The method of claim 7 wherein said comparing and determining comprises, for each of said initial moments:

said computing a respective actual relationship

of each respective subsequent first range to each respective
subsequent second range comprises forming a ratio of [[said]]
each respective initial first range to [[said]] each
respective initial second range; and

said comparing and determining comprises:

when said ratio equals a square root of said multiple, concluding that said system is varying erratically; when said ratio exceeds [[said]] a square root of said multiple, concluding that said system is varying in a trend[[;]], and

when said ratio is less than said square root, concluding that said system is congesting.

9. (currently amended) The method of claim 8 further comprising comparing respective ones of said ratio for two consecutive ones of said initial moments and:

when each of said ratios equals a square root

of said multiple, concluding that said system is varying
erratically;

when each of said respective ones of said ratio exceeds [[said]] a square root of said multiple and a subsequent respective one of said ratio exceeds a prior

10 respective one of said ratio, concluding that said system is varying in a trend and said trend is accelerating;

when each of said respective ones of said ratio exceeds said square root and a prior respective one of said ratio exceeds a subsequent respective one of said ratio,

15 concluding that said system is varying in a trend and said trend is decelerating;

when each of said respective ones of said ratio is less than said square root and a prior respective one of said ratio exceeds a subsequent respective one of said ratio, concluding that said system is congesting and said congestion is accelerating;

when each of said respective ones of said ratio is less than said square root and a subsequent respective one of said ratio exceeds a prior respective one of said ratio, concluding that said system is congesting and said congestion is decelerating;

when a prior <u>respective one of said</u> ratio is less than said square root and a subsequent <u>respective one of said</u> ratio exceeds said square root, concluding that said system has moved from congestion into <del>an accelerating</del> <u>a</u> trend; and

when a prior <u>respective one of said</u> ratio exceeds said square root and a subsequent respective one of

said ratio is less than said square root, concluding that said
system has moved from a decelerating trend into congestion.

10. (currently amended) The method of claim 9 further comprising:

when said system is in a current condition of congestion or trend, comparing respective ones of said ratio for three consecutive respective ones of said initial moments separated by equal time intervals; and

deriving, from said comparison of said

respective ones of said ratio for three consecutive respective
ones of said initial moments, a prediction of when said system

will move from [[a]] said current condition of congestion or
trend to another condition of congestion or trend.

- 11. (currently amended) The method of claim 10 further comprising displaying said prediction in the form of a closed curve with price data points from said three consecutive respective ones of said initial moments identified on said closed curve.
  - 12. (previously presented) The method of claim 1 further comprising displaying said initial first range of said price data and said expected range of said price data.
  - 13. (original) The method of claim 12 wherein said displaying comprises displaying a line graph.
  - 14. (original) The method of claim 12 wherein said displaying comprises displaying an orbital plot.

# 15-16. (cancelled)

17. (previously presented) The method of claim 1 further comprising:

beginning at a subsequent initial moment, acquiring said price data during a subsequent first duration

5 and determining a subsequent first range of said price data between a minimum value during said subsequent first duration and a maximum value during said subsequent first duration; and comparing said subsequent first range of said price data during said subsequent first duration to an expected range of said price data during said subsequent first duration.

18. (currently amended) The method of claim 17 further comprising:

beginning at said subsequent initial moment, acquiring said price data during a subsequent second duration

5 of which said subsequent first duration is a multiple and determining a subsequent second range of said price data between a minimum value during said subsequent second duration and a maximum value during said subsequent second duration; wherein said comparing said subsequent first range of said

10 price data during said subsequent first duration to an expected range of said price data during said subsequent first duration comprises:

 $\frac{\text{comparing computing an actual relationship of}}{\text{said subsequent first range to said subsequent second range};}$  and

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comparing said actual relationship of said
subsequent first range to said subsequent second range to an
expected relationship of said subsequent first range to said
subsequent second range, and determining from said comparison
of said actual relationship of said subsequent first range to
said subsequent second range to said expected relationship of
said subsequent first range to said subsequent second range
how said system is varying.

19. (currently amended) The method of claim 18 further comprising repeating, said acquiring, said determining

and said comparing at multiple additional subsequent initial moments:

5 <u>acquiring said price data during each</u> respective subsequent first duration;

acquiring said price data during each respective subsequent second duration;

computing a respective actual relationship of

each respective subsequent first range to each respective subsequent second range;

comparing each respective actual relationship
of each respective subsequent first range to each respective
subsequent second range to a respective expected relationship
of each respective subsequent first range to each respective
subsequent second range; and

determining from each respective comparison how said system is varying.

- 20. (currently amended) The method of claim 17 further comprising repeating said acquiring, said determining and said comparing, beginning at multiple additional subsequent initial moments:
- acquiring said price data during each respective subsequent first duration;

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computing a respective actual range of said price data between a minimum value during each respective subsequent first duration and a maximum value during each respective subsequent first duration;

comparing each respective actual range during each respective subsequent first duration to a respective expected range during each respective subsequent first duration; and

determining from each respective comparison how said system is varying.

- 21. (currently amended) The method of claim 20 further comprising repeating, said acquiring, said determining and said comparing at multiple additional sets of multiple initial moments[[,]]:
- said acquiring said price data during each
  respective subsequent first duration;

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said computing a respective actual range of
said price data between a minimum value during each respective
subsequent first duration and a maximum value during each
respective subsequent first duration; and

said comparing each respective actual range during each respective subsequent first duration to a respective expected range during each respective subsequent first duration; wherein:

said duration <del>differing</del> <u>differs</u> for each said set.

22. (currently amended) Apparatus for analyzing price data, representing price in a financial system that varies over time, said apparatus comprising:

means for, beginning at a first initial moment,

5 acquiring said price data during an initial first duration and
determining an initial first range of said price data between
a minimum value during said initial first duration and a
maximum value during said initial first duration;

means for comparing said first range of said
10 price data during said initial first duration to a range of
said price data expected, based on Brownian motion, during
said initial first duration; and

means for concluding:

when said first range of said price data during

15 said initial first duration equals said range of said price

data expected, based on Brownian motion, during said initial

first duration, that said system is varying erratically,

when said first range of said price data during said initial first duration exceeds said range of said price

20 data expected, based on Brownian motion, during said initial first duration, that said system is varying in a trend, and when said first range of said price data during said initial first duration is less than said range of said price data expected, based on Brownian motion, during said initial first duration, that said system is congesting.

23. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 22 further comprising a Brownian motion standard generator; wherein:

said comparing means compares said initial

5 first range of said price data to a Brownian motion standard
generated by said Brownian motion standard generator.

#### 24. (cancelled)

25. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 22 further comprising:

means for, beginning at said first initial moment, acquiring said price data during an initial second duration of which said initial first duration is a multiple and determining an initial second range of said price data between a minimum value during said initial second duration and a maximum value during said initial second duration; wherein:

said comparing means compares computes an actual relationship of said initial first range to said initial second range and compares said actual relationship of said initial first range to said initial second range to an expected relationship of said initial first range to said initial second range, and determines from said comparison how said system is varying.

26. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 25 wherein:

said means for comparing and determining forms
computes said actual relationship by forming a ratio of said
initial first range to said initial second range; and[[:]]
said concluding means:

when said ratio equals a square root of said multiple, concludes that said system is varying erratically; concludes that said system is varying in a

10 <u>trend</u> when said ratio exceeds [[said]] <u>a</u> square root <u>of said</u> <u>multiple</u>, <u>concludes that said system is varying in a trend;</u> and

concludes that said system is congesting when said ratio is less than said square root, concludes that said system is congesting.

27. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 25 further comprising:

means for, beginning at a subsequent initial moment, acquiring said price data during a subsequent first duration and determining a subsequent first range of said price data between a minimum value during said subsequent first duration and a maximum value during said subsequent first duration;

means for, beginning at said subsequent initial
moment, acquiring said price data during a subsequent second
duration of which said subsequent first duration is said
multiple and determining a subsequent second range of said
price data between a minimum value during said subsequent
second duration and a maximum value during said subsequent
second duration; [[and]]

means for <u>comparing</u> <u>computing</u> an actual relationship of said subsequent first range to said subsequent second range; and

means for comparing said actual relationship of
said subsequent first range to said subsequent second range to
an expected relationship of said subsequent first range to
said subsequent second range, and for determining from said
comparison of said actual relationship of said subsequent
first range to said subsequent second range to said expected
relationship of said subsequent first range to said subsequent
second range how said system is varying.

- 28. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 22 further comprising means for displaying said initial first range of said price data and said expected range of said price data.
- 29. (original) The apparatus of claim 28 wherein said displaying means displays a line graph.
- 30. (original) The apparatus of claim 28 wherein said displaying means displays a orbital plot.

# 31-32. (cancelled)

33. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 22 further comprising:

means for, beginning at a subsequent initial moment, acquiring said price data during a subsequent first duration and determining a subsequent first range of said price data between a minimum value during said subsequent first duration and a maximum value during said subsequent first duration; and

means for comparing said subsequent first range
10 of said price data during said subsequent first duration to an
expected range of said price data during said subsequent first
duration.

34. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 33 further comprising:

means for, beginning at said subsequent initial moment, acquiring said price data during a subsequent second 5 duration of which said subsequent first duration is a multiple and determining a subsequent second range of said price data between a minimum value during said subsequent second duration and a maximum value during said subsequent second duration; wherein said comparing means compares computes an actual 10 relationship of said subsequent first range to said subsequent second range and compares said actual relationship of said subsequent first range to said subsequent second range to an expected relationship of said subsequent first range to said subsequent second range, and determines from said comparison 15 of said actual relationship of said subsequent first range to said subsequent second range to said expected relationship of said subsequent first range to said subsequent second range how said system is varying.

35. (currently amended) Apparatus for analyzing price data, representing price in a financial system that varies over time, said apparatus comprising:

a data feed [[for]] that, beginning at a first initial moment, acquiring acquires said price data during an initial first duration; and

a processor for determining that determines an initial first range of said price data between a minimum value during said initial first duration and a maximum value during said initial first duration; wherein:

said processor compares said first range of said price data during said initial first duration to a range of said price data expected, based on Brownian motion, during said initial first duration; and

said processor concludes:

when said first range of said price data during said initial first duration equals said range of said price data expected, based on Brownian motion, during said initial first duration, concluding that said system is varying erratically,

that said system is varying in a trend when said first range of said price data during said initial first duration exceeds said range of said price data expected, based on Brownian motion, during said initial first duration,

25 concluding that said system is varying in a trend, and that said system is congesting when said first range of said price data during said initial first duration is less than said range of said price data expected, based on Brownian motion, during said initial first duration[[,]]

30 concluding that said system is congesting.

36. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 35 further comprising a Brownian motion standard generator; wherein:

said processor compares said initial first 5 range of said price data to a Brownian motion standard generated by said Brownian motion standard generator.

- 37. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 36 wherein said processor applies bootstrapping techniques to said acquired price data.
- 38. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 35 wherein:

said data feed, beginning at said first initial moment, acquires said price data during an initial second

duration of which said initial first duration is a multiple;

said processor determines an initial second
range of said price data between a minimum value during said

initial second duration and a maximum value during said initial second duration; and

said processor compares an actual relationship of said initial first range to said initial second range to an expected relationship of said initial first range to said initial second range, and determines from said comparison how said system is varying.

39. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 38 wherein said processor forms a ratio of said initial first range to said initial second range and:

when said ratio equals a square root of said

multiple, concludes that said system is varying erratically;

concludes that said system is varying in a

trend when said ratio exceeds [[said]] a square root of said

multiple, concludes that said system is varying in a trend;

and

concludes that said system is congesting when said ratio is less than said square root, concludes that said system is congesting.

40. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 38 wherein:

said data feed, beginning at a subsequent initial moment, acquires said price data during a subsequent first duration;

said processor determines a subsequent first range of said price data between a minimum value during said subsequent first duration and a maximum value during said subsequent first duration;

said data feed, beginning at said subsequent initial moment, acquiring acquires said price data during a subsequent second duration of which said subsequent first duration is said multiple;

said processor determines a subsequent second 15 range of said price data between a minimum value during said subsequent second duration and a maximum value during said subsequent second duration; and

said processor compares an actual relationship of said subsequent first range to said subsequent second range to an expected relationship of said subsequent first range to said subsequent second range, and determines from said comparison how said system is varying.

- 41. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 35 further comprising a display for displaying that displays said initial first range of said price data and said expected range of said price data.
- 42. (original) The apparatus of claim 41 wherein said display displays a line graph.
- 43. (original) The apparatus of claim 41 wherein said display displays a orbital plot.

# 44-45. (cancelled)

46. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 35 wherein:

said data feed, beginning at a subsequent initial moment, acquires said price data during a subsequent first duration;

said processor determines a subsequent first range of said price data between a minimum value during said subsequent first duration and a maximum value during said subsequent first duration; and

said processor compares said subsequent first range of said price data during said subsequent first duration to an expected range of said price data during said subsequent first duration.

47. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 46 wherein:

said data feed, beginning at said subsequent initial moment, acquires said price data during a subsequent second duration of which said subsequent first duration is a multiple;

said processor determines a subsequent second range of said price data between a minimum value during said subsequent second duration and a maximum value during said subsequent second duration;

said processor compares an actual relationship of said subsequent first range to said subsequent second range to an expected relationship of said subsequent first range to said subsequent second range, and determines from said comparison how said system is varying.

48. (currently amended) A method for analyzing price data, representing price in a financial system that varies over time, said method comprising:

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beginning at an initial moment, acquiring said

5 price data during a first duration of a first length of time
and determining a first range of said price data between a
minimum value during said first duration of said first length
of time and a maximum value during said first duration of said
first length of time;

determining a second range, expected based on Brownian motion, of said price data during a second duration of a second length of time beginning at said initial moment; and

monitoring an instantaneous value of said price

15 data during said second duration of said second length of time
and determining that said system is varying in a trend when
said instantaneous value is outside said expected second
range.

49. (currently amended) The method of claim 48 wherein:

said second duration of said second length of <a href="time">time</a> is a multiple of said first duration of said first length of time; and

said expected second range is a product of said first range and a square root of said multiple.

50-51. (cancelled)

52. (currently amended) Apparatus for analyzing price data, representing price in a financial system that varies over time, said apparatus comprising:

means for, beginning at an initial moment,

5 acquiring said price data during a first duration of a first

length of time and determining a first range of said data

between a minimum value during said first duration of said

first length of time and a maximum value during said first

duration of said first length of time;

means for determining a second range, as expected based on Brownian motion, of said price data during a second duration of a second length of time beginning at said initial moment; and

means for monitoring an instantaneous value of said price data during said second duration of said second length of time and determining that said system is varying in a trend when said instantaneous value is outside said expected second range.

53. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 52 wherein:

said second duration of said second length of <a href="time">time</a> is a multiple of said first duration of said first length of time; and

said expected second range is a product of said first range and a square root of said multiple.

# 54-55. (cancelled)

56. (currently amended) Apparatus for analyzing price data, representing price in a financial system that varies over time, said apparatus comprising:

a data feed for, beginning at an initial

5 moment, acquiring said price data during a first duration of a first length of time and monitoring an instantaneous value of said price data during a second duration of a second length of time beginning at said initial moment; and

a processor for:

- determining an initial <u>a</u> first range of said price data between a minimum value during said initial first duration of said first length of time and a maximum value during said initial first duration of said first length of time,
- determining a second range, expected based on Brownian motion, of said price data during a second said duration of said second length of time beginning at said initial moment, and

determining that said system is varying in a 20 trend when said instantaneous value is outside said expected second range.

57. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 56 wherein:

said second duration of said second length of <a href="time">time</a> is a multiple of said first duration of said first length of time; and

said expected second range is a product of said first range and a square root of said multiple.

58-59. (cancelled)

60. (withdrawn) A method for offering to subscribers analysis of data that vary over time, said method comprising:

beginning at each of a plurality of initial moments, acquiring said data during a plurality of respective first durations;

dividing said data into respective portions, each of said respective portions including data for one or more of said plurality of respective first durations;

transmitting said data to respective computers operated by at least some of said subscribers at the option of each individual subscriber:

determining at each said respective computer, for each respective first duration in said respective data portion a respective first range of said data between a minimum value during said respective first duration and a maximum value during said respective first duration;

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determining at each said respective computer, for each respective first duration in said respective data 20 portion a respective expected range of said during said respective first duration;

collecting said respective determinations of said respective computers;

comparing each respective range of said data 25 during each respective first duration to each respective expected range of said data during said respective first duration; and

transmitting said comparison to said subscribers.

61. (withdrawn) The method of claim 60 further comprising charging a respective subscription fee to each of said subscribers, said respective subscription fee being lower for a subscriber among said at least some of said subscribers

- 5 than for a subscriber outside said at least some of said subscribers.
  - 62. (withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 56 wherein said system is a biological system and said data are biological data.
  - 63. (withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 56 wherein said system is a meteorological system and said data are meteorological data.
  - 64. (withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 52 wherein said system is a biological system and said data are biological data.
  - 65. (withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 52 wherein said system is a meteorological system and said data are meteorological data.
  - 66. (withdrawn) The method of claim 48 wherein said system is a biological system and said data are biological data.
  - 67. (withdrawn) The method of claim 48 wherein said system is a meteorological system and said data are meteorological data.
  - 68. (withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 35 wherein said system is a biological system and said data are biological data.
  - 69. (withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 35 wherein said system is a meteorological system and said data are meteorological data.

- 70. (withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 22 wherein said system is a biological system and said data are biological data.
- 71. (withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 22 wherein said system is a meteorological system and said data are meteorological data.
- 72. (withdrawn) The method of claim 1 wherein said system is a biological system and said data are biological data.
- 73. (withdrawn) The method of claim 1 wherein said system is a meteorological system and said data are meteorological data.